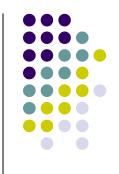
### Client / Server

2110213 Information System Organization

Natawut Nupairoj, Ph.D. Department of Computer Engineering Chulalongkorn University



### What is Client/Server?



The client computer sends a request for service to the server over a network.

If the client's request is appropriate, the server provides the service.



**Networks** 



Server

## Why Client/Server?

- Shared data
- Shared resources
  - Storages
  - Printers
- Security control





- Web Server
- Database Server
- File Server
- App Server
- Authentication Server (Radius / LDAP)



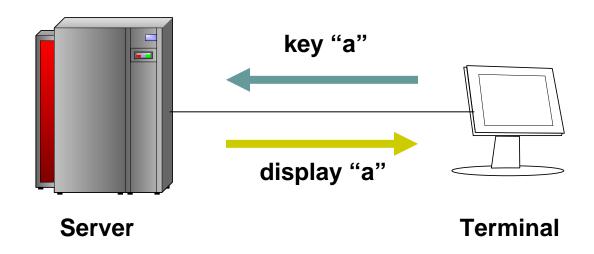


- Presentation Logic: User Interfaces.
- Business Logic: Application Programs and Services.
- Data Logic: Databases.





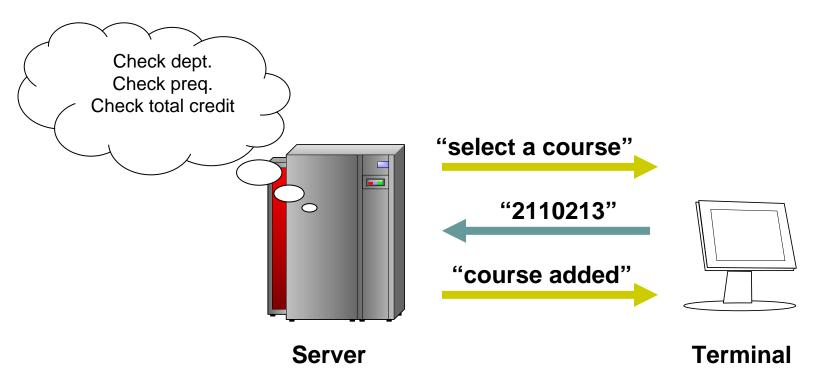
Server with "dumb" terminals.



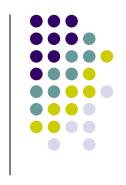


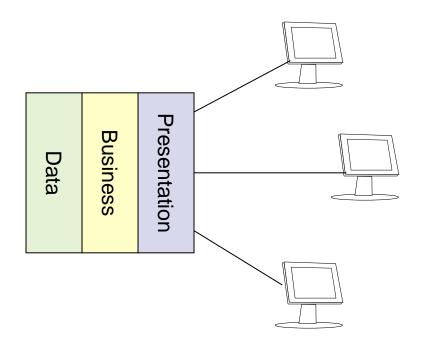


Add a course:



### **Pros and Cons**





#### Pros:

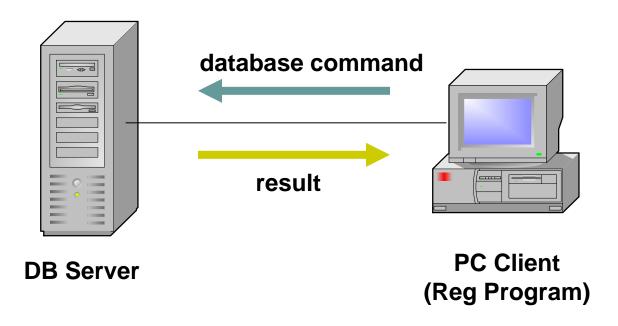
Single place, easy to control.

#### Cons:

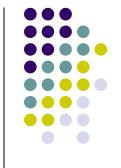
 Expensive, big spaghetti bowl, inflexible, lack of applications, take long time to develop.



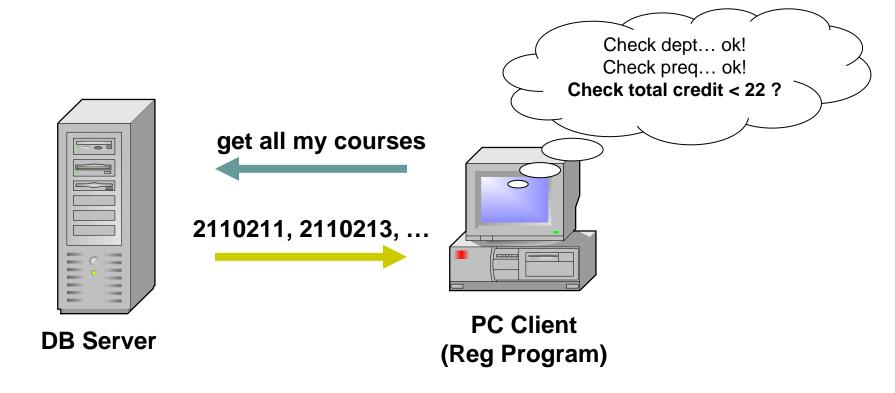
- Database server with fat clients
  - VB / Developer 2000 client program + SQL database.



## **Example: Registration System**

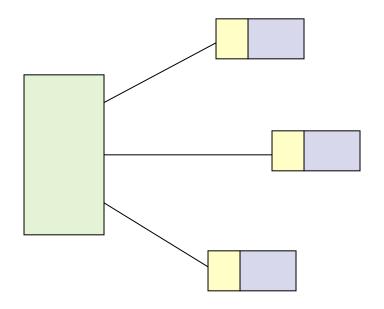


Add a course:



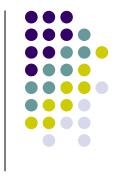
### **Pros and Cons**





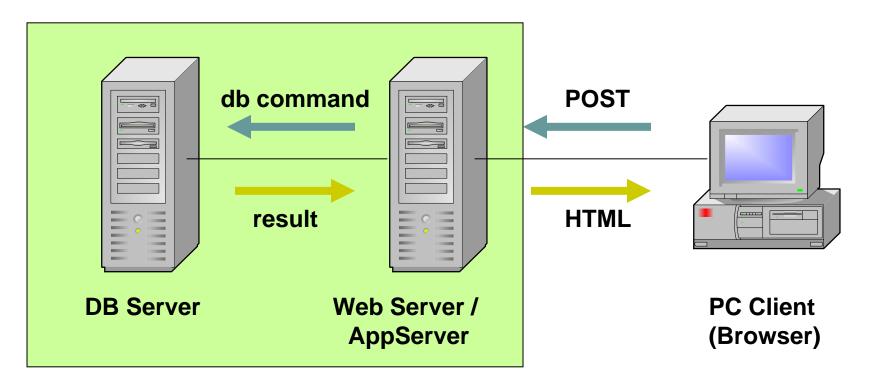
#### Pros:

- Simple to develop (initially).
- Cons:
  - Poor scalability.
  - Poor manageability and deployability.



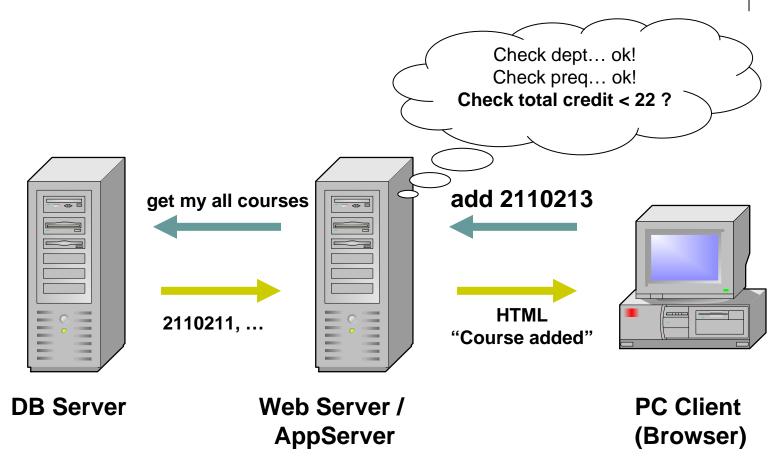
## **Shared Processing (Three-Tier)**

Database + Web server / App server + Browsers (Thin clients).

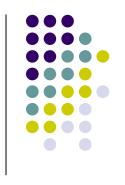


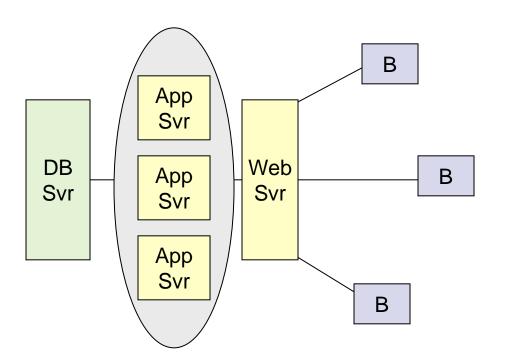
# **Example: Registration System**





### **Pros and Cons**





#### • Pros:

- Scalability.
- Flexible.
- Simple to manage.
- Great for integration.

#### Cons:

 Slightly difficult to develop (initially).