

//แก้ไขจากตัวอย่างใน GALib โดยใช้ binary to decimal gnome และ สร้าง fitness function ใหม่

```
#include <ga/GASimpleGA.h>
#include <ga/ga.h>
#include <ga/std_stream.h>
#include <cmath>

#define cout          STD_COUT
#define NBITS         (3)
#define MIN_VALUE     ((int)0)
#define MAX_VALUE     ((int)7)

float Objective(GAGenome &);
bool isMet(int i1, int j1, int i2, int j2);

int main(int argc, char **argv)
{
    cout << "8-Queen\n\n";
    cout.flush();

    for(int ii=1; ii<argc; ii++) {
        if(strcmp(argv[ii++], "seed") == 0) {
            GARandomSeed((unsigned int)atoi(argv[ii]));
        }
    }

    GABin2DecPhenotype map;
    for(int i = 0; i <= MAX_VALUE; i++)
    {
        map.add(NBITS, MIN_VALUE, MAX_VALUE);
    }

    GABin2DecGenome genome(map, Objective);

    int popsize = 100;
    int ngen    = 10000;
    float pmut  = 0.001;
    float pcross = 0.9;

    GASimpleGA ga(genome);
    ga.populationSize(popsize);
    ga.nGenerations(ngen);
    ga.pMutation(pmut);
    ga.pCrossover(pcross);
    ga.evolve();
```

```

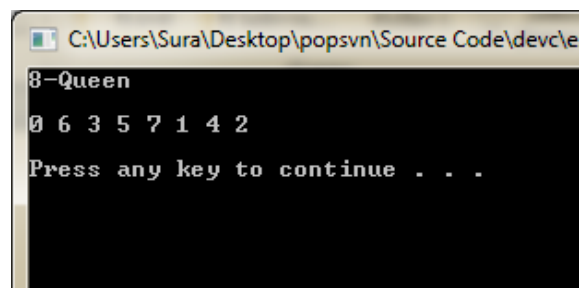
cout << ga.statistics().bestIndividual() << "\n\n";

system("PAUSE");
return 0;
}

float Objective(GAGenome& g) {
    GABin2DecGenome & genome = (GABin2DecGenome &)g;
    double score = 0;
    int met = 0;
    for(int i = 0; i < genome.nPhenotypes()-1; i++)
    {
        for(int j = i+1; j < genome.nPhenotypes(); j++)
        {
            if(isMet(i, (int)genome.phenotype(i), j, (int)genome.phenotype(j)))
            {
                met++;
            }
        }
    }
    score = 28-met;
    return score;
}

bool isMet(int i1, int j1, int i2, int j2)
{
    if(j1 == j2)
        return true;
    else if(abs(i1-i2) == abs(j1-j2))
        return true;
    else return false;
}

```



```

C:\Users\Sura\Desktop\popsvn\Source Code\devc\
8-Queen
0 6 3 5 7 1 4 2
Press any key to continue . . .

```

Output